

### SAFRA

Sustainable Aerial Forestry Resilience Analytics





João António Pereira

**Founder & Software Architect** 

**FORCERA** 

jcp@forcera.pt



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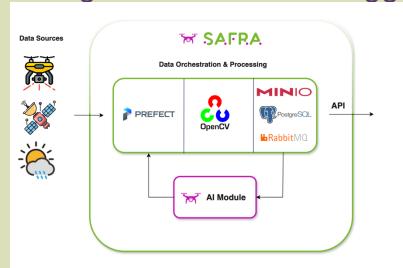


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## Project description

SAFRA bundle

- Software solution: collection and analysis of analytical data from drone images in forest environments;
- Enhanced detection: geospatial and meteorological data combined lead to enhanced detection of forest health indicators and density status;
- Automatic: an input configuration structure triggers all the steps of the bundle.



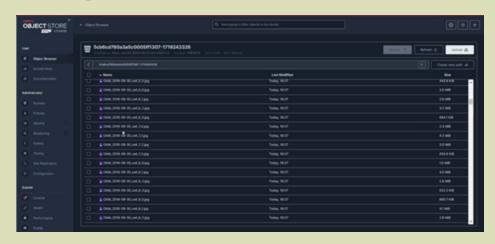




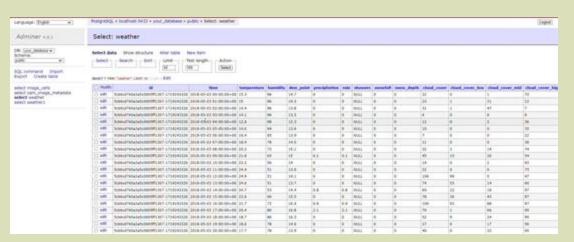
### Data collection

Orchestration and processing

- Modular and scalable design: fully orchestrated by docker containers;
- Open Aerial Map: high resolution drone images for a given location in the EU;
- Google Earth: support satellite images for the same region;
- Open-Meteo: elaborate weather data information;



MinIO to store all the collected images



PostgreSQL to store weather data

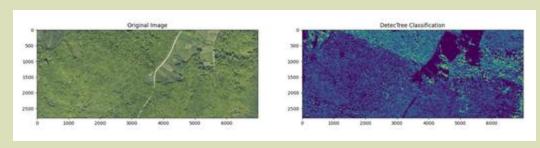


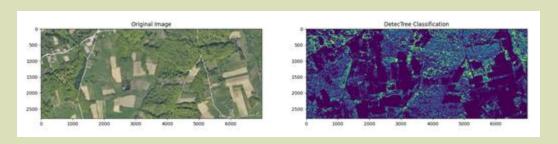
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# Tree coverage model

Al Module

- DetecTree: open-source tree identification supervised learning model;
- Pixel level classification;
- Coverage ratio: the coverage ratio is the total number of pixels identified as trees divided by the total number of pixels of the image.







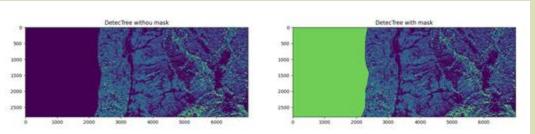
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# Tree coverage model

Al Module

- Cropped images: given the size of drone images, the model is computed in pre-processed chunks of the full image;
- Equal-sized tiles: some may present no information due to the cropping;
- Pixel mask: discard pixels without information from the final ratio count.





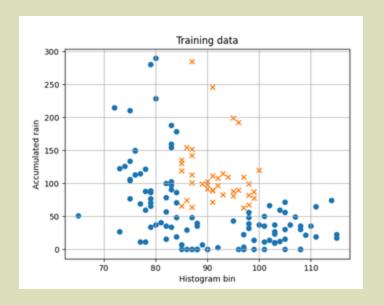




## Tree health model

Al Module

- Binary classification: healthy or unhealthy label;
- Algorithm: k-Nearest Neighbours rule in a 2D space;
- Accumulated rain: data from the region of the image for the past 30 days;
- Histogram: bin of the peak for the green channel of the image.







### **KPIs**

Key Performance Indicators

#### **Classification accuracy**

- 10% of the labeled images available were used as test data;
- Measures the ratio of precise tree health predictions against the total number of predictions performed.

#### **Test Driven Development**

- Code base coverage by an unit testing and coverage report framework;
- Goal of a final 70% average coverage of relevant files.

#### **Security**

- Automatic code assessment framework;
- Goal of zero security issues due to the open-source nature.

## Results



 Tree health accuracy of approximately 86.7%.



- Final codebase average coverage of 79.5%;
- 4.5% above the intended goal.



 No errors or security threats detected by both Hadolint and Bandit frameworks.



Thank you for your attention! Do you have any questions?





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